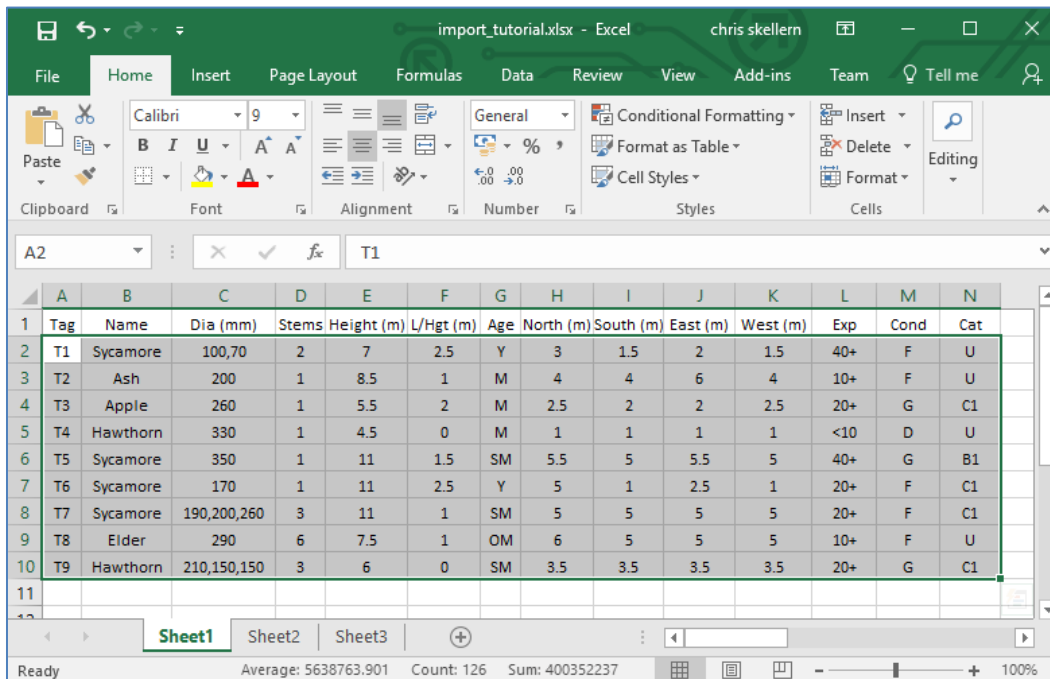


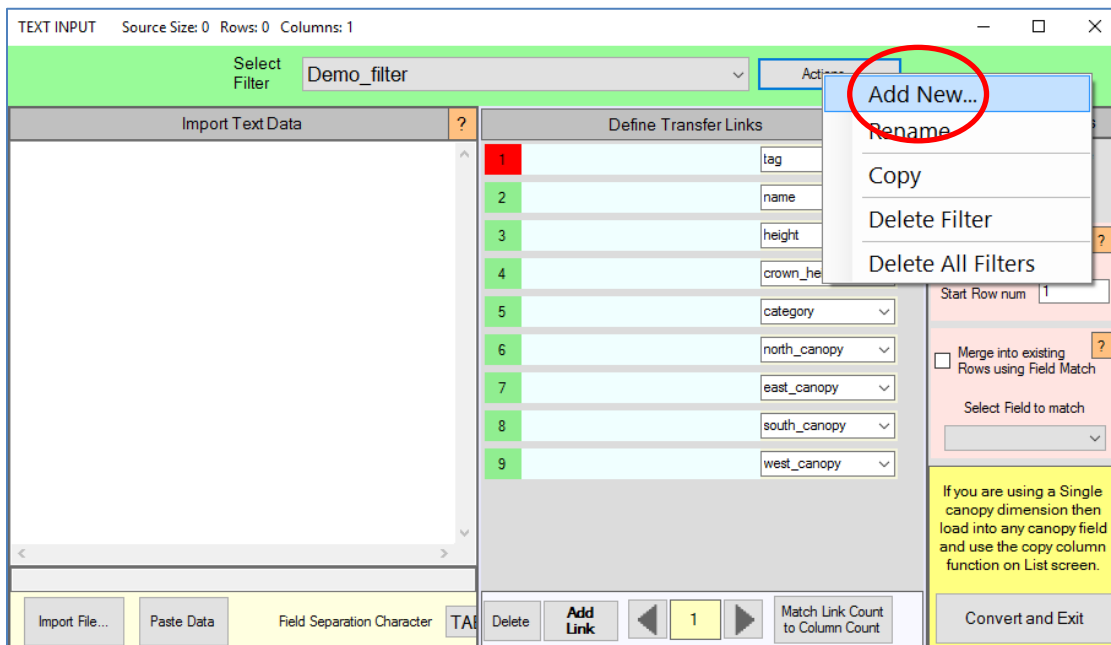
Importing Survey Data from Excel, Notepad etc

This example uses a typical small tree survey. My survey is shown in Excel below. I start by selecting the columns and rows I wish to import and then right click and select Copy.

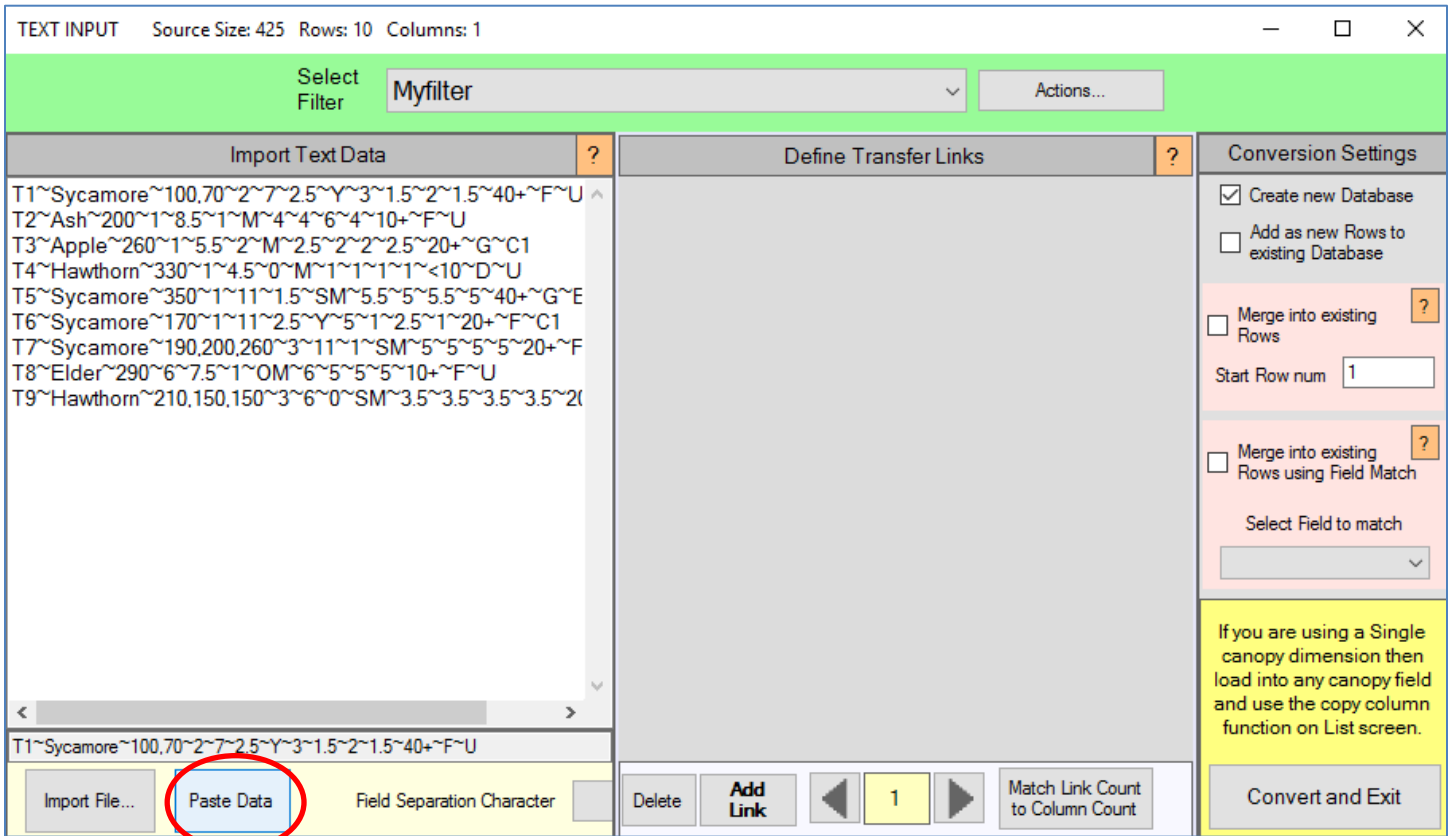


Now go to ArborShadow R4 and click on the I/O icon top left. Select the Import tab and click on Import Text. The Import window opens; probably with an example filter in place.

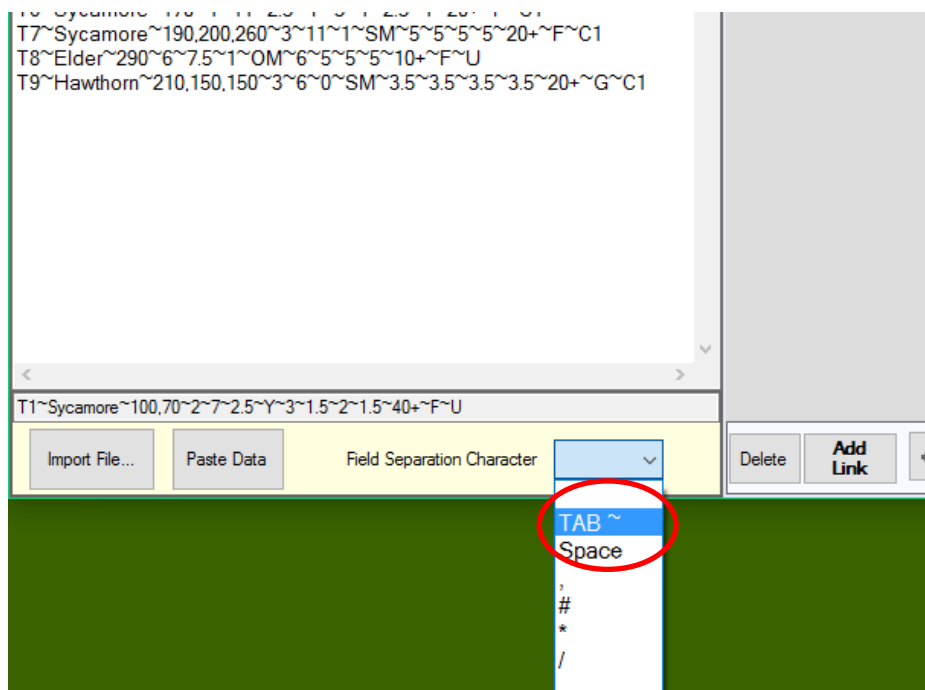
Click the 'Actions' button and select Add 'New filter' as below. When prompted add the name for the filter. I have called mine Myfilter !



Ensure you have copied the selected data from Excel and click on the Paste button (below). The text will appear in the source window. Excel uses Tabs to separate column data and these are always shown as a ~ symbol within ArborShadow.



I must now tell the program which character is used to separate the text. So I select TAB from the drop list (below).



TEXT INPUT Source Size: 425 Rows: 10 Columns: 14

Select Filter: Myfilter Actions...

Import Text Data	Define Transfer Links	Conversion Settings
T1~Sycamore~100,70~2~7~2.5~Y~3~1.5~2~1.5~40+	1 T1 tag	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Create new Database
T2~Ash~200~1~8.5~1~M~4~4~6~4~10+~F~U	2 Sycamore name	<input type="checkbox"/> Add as new Rows to existing Database
T3~Apple~260~1~5.5~2~M~2.5~2~2.5~20+~G~C1	3 100,70	<input type="checkbox"/> Merge into existing Rows
T4~Hawthorn~330~1~4.5~0~M~1~1~1~1~10~D~U	4 2	Start Row num 1
T5~Sycamore~350~1~11~1.5~SM~5.5~5~5~5~40+	5 7 height	<input type="checkbox"/> Merge into existing Rows using Field Match
T6~Sycamore~170~1~11~2.5~Y~5~1~2.5~1~20+~F~U	6 2.5 crown_height	Select Field to match
T7~Sycamore~190,200,260~3~11~1~SM~5~5~5~5~21	7 Y	
T8~Elder~290~6~7.5~1~OM~6~5~5~5~10+~F~U	8 3 north_canopy	
T9~Hawthorn~210,150,150~3~6~0~SM~3.5~3.5~3.5~3	9 1.5 south_canopy	
	10 2 east_canopy	
	11 1.5 west_canopy	
	12 40+	
	13 F	
	14 U category	

Import File... Paste Data Field Separation Character

Delete Add Link 1 Match Link Count to Column Count

Convert and Exit

If you are using a Single canopy dimension then load into any canopy field and use the copy column function on List screen.

I want to create a new database from the data so I have circled the tick box above. When ready click Convert. In the alert box, which follows, click Yes to keep your changes if you intend to use the filter again in the future. On returning to the ArborShadow List screen I have some errors!

ArborShadow R4 V1:05 Licensed (expires: 08/02/2017) Installation Name: 123456

12:00 : 21st June 2017

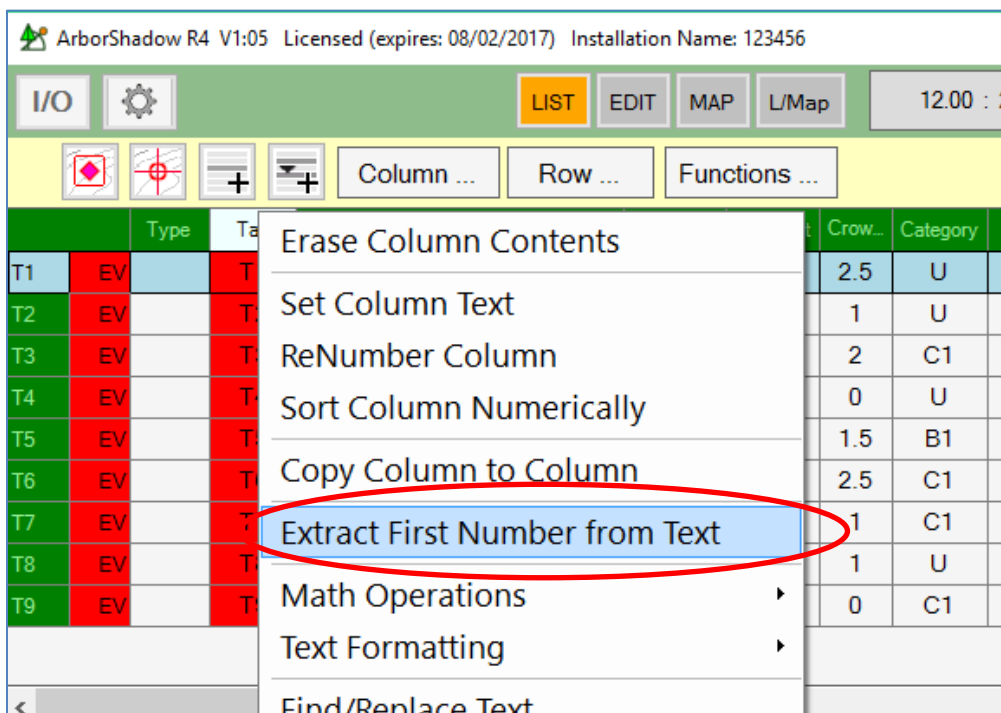
	Type	Tag	Name	Height	Ultm Hgt	Crow...	Category	North	East	South	West	U-North	U-East	U-South	U-West	Map XYZ	Top %
T1	EV	T1	Sycamore	7		2.5	U	3	2	1.5	1.5					S/Obj (0)	
T2	EV	T2	Ash	8.5		1	U	4	6	4	4					S/Obj (0)	
T3	EV	T3	Apple	5.5		2	C1	2.5	2	2	2.5					S/Obj (0)	
T4	EV	T4	Hawthorn	4.5		0	U	1	1	1	1					S/Obj (0)	
T5	EV	T5	Sycamore	11		1.5	B1	5.5	5.5	5	5					S/Obj (0)	
T6	EV	T6	Sycamore	11		2.5	C1	5	2.5	1	1					S/Obj (0)	
T7	EV	T7	Sycamore	11		1	C1	5	5	5	5					S/Obj (0)	
T8	EV	T8	Elder	7.5		1	U	6	5	5	5					S/Obj (0)	
T9	EV	T9	Hawthorn	6		0	C1	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5					S/Obj (0)	

1 / 9 Snap ON Pwr:100%

Errors are automatically highlighted in Red. The Tag field expects a pure number without the T. The type (T) needs to be in the type field. Also the Top% field requires a value to determine the percentage of upper canopy to lower canopy.

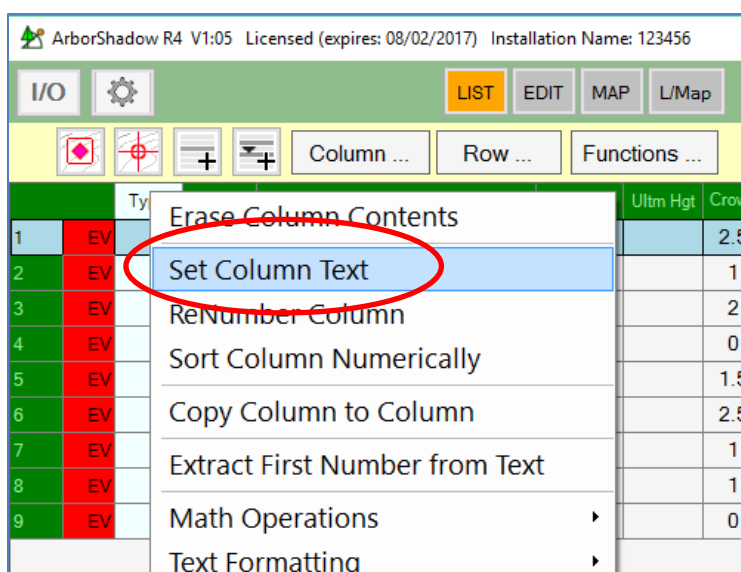
Let's deal with the Tag error first. ArborShadow has a function to extract a number from text so I will use this to get rid of the T. First click the tag column header so it turns white. Now right click and select 'Extract First Number from Text'.

Note the 'Copy Column to Column' function on the list. This is the one to use when copying a single canopy dimension to the remaining columns.



The numbers will appear and errors will disappear!

I now want to put a T in every Type field. So right click on the Type column and select 'Set Column Text'.

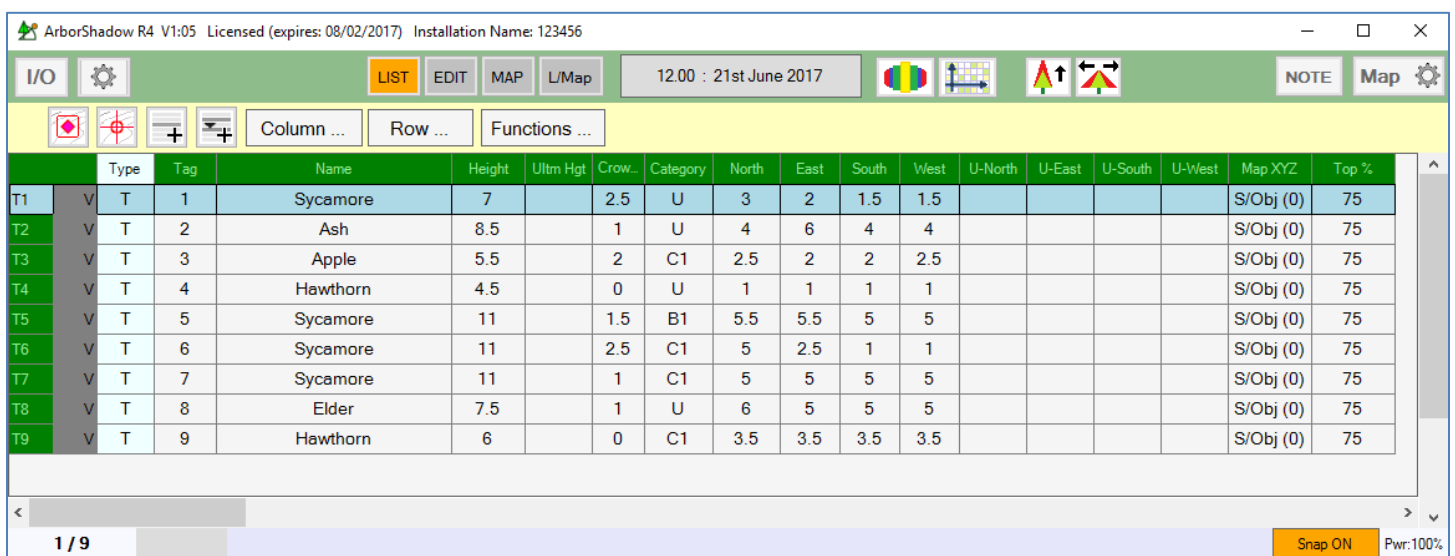


Enter a T and the data will be written to all lines of Type.

Now for the Top % errors. Each tree requires a value between 1 and 100.

As an example, in the case of a broad tree canopy where the upper canopy (at the top of the tree) matches the extents of the lower canopy, its percentage value would be set to 100%. If the top of the tree is a point (so the tree has a conical shape) the percentage value would be set to 0%. Normally a typical tree would be set between 60-80%.

You can either set each value individually by clicking on the individual field cell or use the 'Set Column Text' to set them all in one go. I have set these to 75% for our example.



ArborShadow R4 V1:05 Licensed (expires: 08/02/2017) Installation Name: 123456

12:00 : 21st June 2017

	Type	Tag	Name	Height	Ultm Hgt	Crow.	Category	North	East	South	West	U-North	U-East	U-South	U-West	Map XYZ	Top %
T1	v	T	1	Sycamore	7		2.5	U	3	2	1.5	1.5				S/Obj (0)	75
T2	v	T	2	Ash	8.5		1	U	4	6	4	4				S/Obj (0)	75
T3	v	T	3	Apple	5.5		2	C1	2.5	2	2	2.5				S/Obj (0)	75
T4	v	T	4	Hawthorn	4.5		0	U	1	1	1	1				S/Obj (0)	75
T5	v	T	5	Sycamore	11		1.5	B1	5.5	5.5	5	5				S/Obj (0)	75
T6	v	T	6	Sycamore	11		2.5	C1	5	2.5	1	1				S/Obj (0)	75
T7	v	T	7	Sycamore	11		1	C1	5	5	5	5				S/Obj (0)	75
T8	v	T	8	Elder	7.5		1	U	6	5	5	5				S/Obj (0)	75
T9	v	T	9	Hawthorn	6		0	C1	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5				S/Obj (0)	75

1 / 9 Snap ON Pwr:100%

And it's finished.

The v at the start of each row is telling me that it has no vertices (XYZ map data). This is because they have not been plotted onto the map.

You would do this manually from the map screen. But if you happen to have the X/Y coordinates in the Excel sheet, these can also be automatically imported as well. Just assign the fields as before.